Maximising the

Impact and Effectiveness of

Accessibility Measures

Learning from Existing National Measures

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Overview

> Focus

- Strategies and Structures
- > Specific / Supplementary Mechanisms
- Lessons Learned?

Focus

- Impact and effectiveness
- Strengths and weaknesses
- Services and goods
- Excluding built environment

National Strategies and Structures

National Strategies and Structures

National Disability Strategies, including accessibility

National Accessibility Strategies

Sector specific

General - France, Norway

National Strategies and Structures

Structures

French Observatory

National Strategies and Structures Weaknesses

National Strategies and Structures Weaknesses

- Inadequate resourcing
- Inadequate supervision / monitoring
- Lack of timelines and targets
- Lack of political prioritisation
- Inadequate co-ordination & embedding
- Inadequate guidance & expertise

Promoting Accessibility through Non-Discrimination Law

Legal Content

- > Scope
- Type of action

Promoting Accessibility through Non-Discrimination Law

Enforcement and Remedies

- Courtroom procedures
- > Tribunals / alternative adjudication
- Conciliation
- Remedies

Promoting Accessibility through Non-Discrimination Law

Case Examples

- banking
- > transport
- media and television
- products

Promoting Accessibility through Proactive Equality Duties

Promoting Accessibility through **Proactive Equality Duties**

eg England and Wales

- Due regard
 Lunt v Liverpool City Council
- disability equality schemes / information re general duty and equality objectives

Promoting Accessibility through Industry / Service Regulation

- Inspection eg education, UK
- Targets eg broadcasting, France
- Permits and licences
 - eg buses in Norway; taxis in UK;

Promoting Accessibility through Procurement and Financial Incentives

Irish example

Common weaknesses

- No obvious/explicit link
- Limited range of operation— eg 'whenever necessary'
- Lack of guidance as to 'accessibility'
- Lack of bite

Strategies do not necessarily result in change

Identifying and incentivising good practice, including

politics-proofing, monitoring review

Lessons Learned? Requiring Accessibility

Inspection, Licencing, Procurement

Enforcing accessibility

Learning from anti-discrimination law

- content, remedies, tribunals

Learning from proactive equality duties

- 4 key elements - responsibility, participation (involvement and consultation), monitoring, enforcement

Ideal enforcement

- pyramid (dialogue, compliance order from eg equality body, court); and individual action

Understanding accessibility

Technical specifications

Beyond design specifications (eg live assistance)

Dissemination and Support

Disabled people's organisations and other representative organisations

Equality bodies and NHRIs

Lessons Learned? Benefits of EU-wide approach

✓ Political commitment

Monitoring and review

Consistency and barrier removal

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